Chapter 11 Study Guide Name \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

“The Triumphs and Travails of the Jeffersonian Republic: 1800-1812”

Federalist and Republican Mudslingers (pages 211-214)

1. What events indicated that the Federalists were on the defensive in 1800?

2. What criticisms did the Federalists level at Thomas Jefferson?

The Jeffersonian “Revolution of 1800” (pages 214-215)

3. Why was the Election of 1800 thrown into the House of Representatives?

4. What remedy for this situation was provided for in the Twelfth Amendment in 1804?

5. To what extent was the Election of 1800 “revolution?”

Responsibility Breeds Moderation (pages 216-217)

6. What was the major message of Jefferson’s First inaugural Address?

7. What style of leadership did Jefferson bring to the Presidency?

8. What evidence is presented that Jefferson became more moderate in the Presidency?

Jeffersonian Restraint (pages 217-218)

9. What official actions did Jefferson take as President?

The “Dead Clutch” of the Judiciary (pages 218-219)

10. Why did the Federalist-sponsored Judiciary Act arouse resentment?

11. What action was taken by the newly-elected Republican Congress?

12. What political views were held by newly-appointed Supreme Court Chief Justice John Marshall?

13. Why did William Marbury bring a lawsuit against the government?

14. What was the basis of John Marshall’s ruling in the case?

15. How did this ruling enlarge the authority of the Supreme Court?

16. How did the Jeffersonians respond to Marshall’s ruling on Marbury and what was the result?

17. What was Jefferson’s reasoning in decreasing the size of the military?

18. What actions taken by the Barbary Coast pirates caused Jefferson to re-think this policy?

19. What was our biggest concern upon confirmation of the rumors that Spain had ceded Louisiana to the French?

20. What dilemma did Jefferson face as a result?

21. Why did Napoleon Bonaparte decide to sell Louisiana to the United States?

22. What former position was Jefferson forced to abandon when he accepted the purchase of Louisiana?

Louisiana in the Long View (pages 222-223)

23. Why was the purchase of Louisiana considered “epochal?”

24. Aside from gathering information about the flora, fauna, and inhabitants of the Louisiana Purchase, what was the importance of Lewis and Clark’s expedition?

The Aaron Burr Conspiracies (pages 223-225)

25. What plot led to the duel in which Alexander Hamilton was killed?

26. What plans did Burr have for Louisiana?

27. How did Burr manage to escape a guilty verdict in his trial for treason?

America: A Nutcrackered Neutral (pages 225-226)

28. What situation in Europe affected our commercial activity?

29. What happened to *The Chesapeake*?

The Hated Embargo (pages 226-228)

30. What were the provisions of the Embargo Act of 1807 and what was the goal?

31. How did the Embargo affect American trade?

32. What were the provisions of the Non-Intercourse Act of 1809?

33. What reasons are given for the failure of the Embargo Act?

34. In what way did New England “pluck a new prosperity from the ugly jaws of the embargo”?

Madison’s Gamble (pages 228-229)

35. What challenges did Madison face upon becoming president?

36. What was provided for in Macon’s Bill No. 2?

37. How did France respond?

38. Why did Madison’s “gamble” fail?

Tecumseh and the Prophet (pages229-230)

39. Why were the “war hawks” prepared to fight against the British?

40. What is the importance of the Battle of Tippecanoe?

Mr. Madison’s War (pages 230-231)

41. What factors pushed Madison towards war with Britain?

42. Which part of the country was opposed to the declaration of war? Why?