Chapter 13 Study Guide Name \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

“The Rise of Mass Democracy: 1824-1840”

The “Corrupt Bargain” of 1824 (pages 257-259)

1. Why was the Election of 1824 thrown into the House of Representatives?

2. What “corrupt bargain” was Henry Clay accused of making to influence the selection?

A Yankee Misfit in the White House (pages 259-260)

3. What challenges did John Quincy Adams face upon assuming the Presidency?

4. Why were Adams’ land policies unpopular?

Going “Whole Hog” for Jackson in 1828 (pages 260-261)

5. What were the major accusations hurled in both directions during the presidential campaign of 1828?

6. What shift in the political center of gravity was indicated by Jackson’s success in the Election of 1828?

“Old Hickory” as President (pages 261-262)

7. In what way did Jackson represent the ascendency of the masses?

The Spoils System (pages 262-263)

8. On what grounds did Jackson defend the spoils system?

9. What influence did the spoils system have on the emerging two-party system?

The Tricky “Tariff of Abominations” (Pages 263-264)

10. Why was the Tariff of 1828 called the “Tariff of Abominations”?

11. Why were Southerners particularly opposed to high tariffs?

12. What was the underlying concern of the Southerners?

“Nullies” in South Carolina (pages 264-265)

13. What action was taken in South Carolina in response to the tariffs?

14. How did Jackson respond to this?

15. What was provided for in Henry Clay’s Compromise Tariff of 1833?

The Trail of Tears (pages 265-268)

16. What policies had the U.S. government taken towards Native American tribes?

17. What evidence exists that some Native Americans were following a path of accommodation?

18. What action was taken by the Georgia legislature in 1828?

19. What stand did the Supreme Court take in cases appealed by the Cheroke?

20. How does the author characterize the Trail of Tears that resulted from the passage of the Indian Removal Act?

21. How were Indians in the Midwest and Florida subdued?

The Bank War (pages 268-270)

22. Why did Jackson dislike the Bank of the United States?

23. What prompted the Bank War?

24. What action of Jackson’s turned the Bank into an issue in the Election of 1832?

“Old Hickory” Wallops Clay in 1832 (pages 270-271)

25. What aspects of the Election of 1832 were new?

26. What was the result?

Burying Biddle’s Bank (pages 271-272)

27. How did Jackson hope to destroy the BUS before its charter ran out in 1836?

28. How did the demise of the BUS affect the American economy?

29. How did the “pet banks” and “wildcat banks” affect the economy?

30. What was the intent behind the Specie Circular?

The Birth of the Whigs (page 272)

31. What was the one thing holding the Whigs together as a party?

32. Who were the leaders of the Whigs?

33. What government actions and reforms were supported by the Whigs?

The Election of 1836 (pages 272-273)

34. Who was Jackson’s choice to succeed himself as president?

35. What strategy did the Whigs use in the election?

36. Who won the election?

Big Woes for the “Little Magician” (pages 273-274)

37. What challenges did Martin Van Buren face in his administration?

Depression Doldrums and the Independent Treasury (pages 274-275)

38. What were the causes of the Panic of 1837?

39. What did Van Buren hope to accomplish by creating independent treasuries?

Gone to Texas (pages 275-276)

40. What agreement was made concerning the American families that were to come to Stephen Austin’s land grant in Texas?

41. What disagreements developed between settlers in Texas and Mexico?

The Lone Star Rebellion (pages 276-280)

42. How did the Texans win their independence from Mexico?

43. What position did the U.S. government take on Texas independence?

Log Cabins and Hard Cider of 1840 (pages 280-282)

44. Who did the two parties run for president in 1840?

45. Why was this called the “Log Cabin and Hard Cider” campaign?

46. Who won the election?

Politics for the People (pages 282-283)

47. What examples does the author give to show that politics had changed to a populist democratic style ?

The Two-Party System (pages 283-285)

48. What were the major positions of the two political parties that had emerged by the 1840s?

Whigs-

Democrats-